Weekly Zoroastrian Scripture Extract # 324: A Mobed's Recollections and Involvement in Muktad Gatha Days!

Hello all Tele Class friends:

Shehenshahi 10 days of Muktad including 5 Days of Vahishtoisht Gahambar/Gatha

Shehenshahi 10 days of Muktad Gatha starts next week on Wednesday August 7th 2019, Roj Aastaad Maah Asfandaard YZ 1388 with 5 Vahishtoisht Gahambaar and Gatha days starting from August 12th Monday followed by our Navroze on August 17th Saturday. In India and Pakistan, in all over cities and villages, and especially in Mumbai, all Parsi/Irani Humdins will be going to Atash Behrams and Agiyaris for attending their dear departed ones' Muktad prayers by their family Mobeds.

We were performing 5 Gatha Days prayers in our ZAF (Miami/Ft. Lauderdale/Boca Raton) for 8 years from 2009 through 2016, and unfortunately, we could not continue after that. In August 2015, our very good friend, ArZan Wadia, currently VP FEZANA, requested me to write my recollections of Muktad while growing up in the small village of Tarapur, and then in USA. These recollections were included in August 15, 2015 Parsi Khabar Blog of ArZan. I have decided to repeat these recollections today in this weekly but due to its length, divide it up in two WZSEs #324 and #325. So, here is the first installment of these recollections and next week we will complete them. So, here is the first installment:

A Mobed's Recollections and Involvement in Muktad Gatha Days!

In our ZAF, we will be having the 8th annual Muktad Gatha days prayers, once again in Jeroo Irani home and it is so heartwarming to see all ZAF, Orlando CFG and ZATAMBAY participating in these prayers. Please see the attached photo of our last year Muktad Gatha beautiful layout.

My recollections and involvement in Muktad Days growing up in the small village of Tarapur where my dear dad was a Panthaky for over 50 years, was presented to reminisce what it was like in a small village in old days celebrating Muktad with prayers, special food preparations, community spirit, etc. This WZSE is without verses from our Zoroastrian scriptures as well as their recitation.

These memories of Muktad really fill the need of a WZSE during our Muktad days. In addition, we have attached an article by my very good friend and the Principal of Dadar Athornan Institute, Dr. Ervad Ramiyar Karanjia on: Making Muktad More Meaningful. Hope you all enjoy reading it.

So here it goes:

Our very good friend ArZan Wadia, requested me to write this article for his Parsi Khabar blog, about my recollections of the Muktad days growing up in Tarapur in a priestly family and now in USA. and here it is from his Parsi Khabar blog of August 16th, 2015. Hope you enjoy it reading as much as I have enjoyed writing and reminiscing it.

Everyday Parsi: Ervad Soli P. Dastur

By arZan on Aug 16, 2015 09:00 am

Our sixth author in the 2015 Everyday Parsi series is Ervad Soli P. Dastur

A Mobed's Recollections and Involvement in Muktad Gatha Days!

On the P&O SS Oronsay ship somewhere near Suez Canal during the first part of August 1960, we some 20 or so J. N. Tata Endowment Scholars on our way to USA/UK for higher studies, read on the ship's daily news flash that Dr. Homi J. Bhabha, "father of Indian Nuclear Program", selected Tarapur, Maharashtra State, as the site for the first Indian Atomic Energy Station! What are they doing to my Birthplace, I wondered at that time!

Yes, I was born as the last of 11 children to a Udvada Mobed family in Tarapur, where my father was a Panthaky of the Tarapur Agiary. In those days, 1940's and 50's, there were over 100 Parsi families in Tarapur. Most families owned large tracts of agricultural land, referred to as "Vaadi" or "Jungle", within 10 to 30 miles of Tarapur and most of the family men spent majority of their time in these family places whereas the rest of their families resided in Tarapur.

My father was in charge of all ceremonies for these families, especially for the 18 days of Muktad in those days.

Before the Muktad days, our whole family was engaged in the preparations for the Muktad Days and one particular activity I still remember with fondness is the preparations of "Deemori" and "Gaanghaa", the specialized Muktad prayers items. "Deemori" was made from the dough of the "Paapri" but you take a pinch of the dough and make a small ball out of it, size of a big pea, and then these balls were fried. Whereas "Gaanghaa" was a mixture of legumes like whole Mung, and different kinds of whole beans, etc. which were roasted. The two items were then used in the Satum prayers during the Muktad days. We children just loved these items.

Also, the Agiary and our home was thoroughly cleaned and whitewashed before the Muktad days. During these white washing, we children were the "Go-fers", go for this and go for that and we gladly did those chores with gusto, so as to receive some bonus in terms of "Deemori" "Gaanghaa", or Paapri/Malido, and other sweets! The other preparation was to collect all families' "Behraas" or "Karasyas" (pots) for the Muktad. Each family had to inscribe the names of the departed ones of the families in Gujarati, so we knew which family they belong to. In those days, many "Behraa"s were double, one on top of the other. All were of German silver and no glass or crystal vases like today. Dad had to arrange with local "Maalis" to supply flowers of different colors, mainly roses – no carnations or other types of flowers.

On Asfandard Mahino and Ashishvangh Roj, all the age old 6-8 Marble tables in Agiary were thoroughly cleaned, washed and dried, and all the "Behraa"s were cleaned and washed in the afternoon in the Agiary with its "chokhkhu" well water. The father will then assign tables by families and all the "Behraa"s were placed in some order and the flowers were placed on top

of them. Then Parsi "Deeva"s were lit and the whole Muktad arrangement was ready for the 18 days prayers starting on the next day of Aastaad Roj.

The whole Parsi Waad (street) was teeming with activities since all the family men from their lands would be visiting their families during the Muktad. Each day, early evening, the huge grounds in front of the Agiary and the huge ruins of Vicaajee Meherjee Palace was used for Hu Tu Tu, wrestling, cricket, and such other sports. I was too little to participate but was an awed spectator at the strength of these young Parsi men.

Just before sunset, my dad would come to Agiary to conduct Hum Bandagi every day of the Muktad. Few minutes after sunset, the Aiwisruthrem Geh will start and all the men (only) will be coming into the Agiary, do their Kusti Paadyaab, and gather in front of the Muktad tables and my dad will lead all of us in a Hum Bandagi. What a sight that was!! After that the crowd scattered, some continue praying, and others gathered outside Agiary in groups swapping tall tales and some others went home. We had to continue our Daily Farajiyaat including Fraamraot Ha, Satum no Kardo, etc. One of the brothers will perform the Boi ceremony. After our prayers, Dad will orchestrate the preparations of khumchaas with fruits for the Aafringaan and Farokshi prayers next day. Then all brothers went home for our family meal and to bed for the big day tomorrow.

Every Muktad Day the whole family got up at 4 AM or so, took bath in an open Moree (bathroom) with cold and hot water pails from our well, which we mix to create hot water for the bath using a "karasyaa" (no shower). Then after a short morning prayer, we were in the kitchen to help out with the preparations of the morning Satums in Agiary. Mom and my sisters were busy preparing food for the Satums which consist of eggs, rotlis, a sweet dish and chaai. By this time, dad had gone to Agiary to prepare for the Satum prayers, followed by us brothers carrying Satum items in big Khumchaas. The main hall of the Agiary was transformed into a magical ambiance with Parsi Deevas, German Silver "Behraa"s, fresh flowers in them and the sweet smell of sandalwood.

My two maternal uncles (Maamaas), Mobeds Maneckshah and Sohrab Bharda, will have already started a Yasna ceremony and pretty soon you will hear the sonorous sound of "Laalo" (pestle) striking "Haavanim" (mortar) which you can hear from far away. My Dad and brothers will be reciting Satum prayers for different families and the whole Agiary would be filled with wonderful sounds of prayers, sandalwood and loban smoke! After a Satum, the attending family members will do the loban ceremony and then on to the next Satum for another family. During the Satum recitals, we had to walk to our home where mom and our sisters have prepared "Daran"s, Paapri, Malido, etc. for the Baj ceremonies in "Langri"s with a lid on them and we had to carry them to Agiary for our uncles to recite Baj prayers.

After all Satums were recited, there will be a short break for the breakfast using the items from Satums. Then the main prayers of Aafringaans and Farokshi will start with Humdin family members attending the prayers and doing Loban ritual after the prayers were done. During that time, our uncles have completed the Yasna ceremony and they will be performing the Baj ceremonies for the Humdin families.

During these prayers, it is time for the "lunch" Satums and we had to walk home to get the khumchaas with the Satum items usually rice, some meat or fish dish and may be a vegetable. While Satums were being prayed, Dad will prepare Baj "Langri"s with Daran, Malido, Paapri, some sweets and fruits from Afargan for the Humdin families and we had to deliver them to the families homes by foot. There was one humongous home in which multiple

families resided and one of the family did not even have an outside window and even during the mid-day, the home was dark, and we used to be scared to deliver Baj to this family. After the deliveries, and after the "lunch" Satums are over, we went home for our family lunch usually from the "lunch" Satum items. Then it is time for the adults to have a siesta and us kids usually had a ball playing different games.

The siesta is over before 3 PM and it is time for tea together with some sweet dish. And then the preparations for the evening Satums and around 5 PM we have to carry the khumchaas again to the Agiary with the evening Satum items and Satums were performed. After that, the day's prayers were completed and the cycle of the activities with sports, Hum Bandagi, etc. is repeated. This then was the daily schedule of the Muktad days.

During the 5 Gatha days, we had to pray each Gatha prayer after the night Hum Bandagi. On the fifth Gatha Day, the Pateti, we also had to pray Patet Pashemani which is a prayer to repent for all the bad things you did during that year and ask forgiveness from Dadar Ahura Mazda and promised to yourself not to repeat those bad things next year.

At the midnight, we had to get up and prepare for the "Paachhli Raat nu Bhanwaanu" – Aafringaan, Farokshi and Satum prayers for the night to say good bye to the Asho Farohars who will return to heaven with blessings to you for treating them right with food, flowers, water, etc.

The next day will be Navroze – Farvardin Mahino and Hormuz Roj – Saal Mubarak to all! This was the most important day for us children since we get to wear brand new clothes, and after performing all chores mentioned above, we get to visit our maternal grandparents next door and other friendly families with our new clothes where we were treated with all kinds of delicious foods and even a Silver Rupee coin at some places. We stuffed ourselves with sev, dahi, malido, paapri, mesur pak – chick peas fudge, and my favorite kopra pak – sweet coconut fudge. This was the best day of the whole Muktad for us.

The next big day was Rapithwan Ijwaani – Farvardin Mahino and Ardibehesht Roj – when we restart the Rapithwan Geh and there will be a community Jashan in Agiary to welcome Rapithwan Geh with the whole village in attendance!

And finally, there was Khordad Saal – Farvardin Mahino and Khordad Roj – the birthday of Zarathushtra – Khordad Saal Mubarak! Again, a full house afternoon Jashan in Agiary with the whole village attending.

The 18 Days Muktad are over and on Farvardin Mahino and Amardad Roj - Amardad Saal Mubarak – after the morning prayers, all the Behras will be dismantled, washed, dried and given back to the Humdin families. The days of hard work, great food, feeling of belonging to the Parsi customs are all over and routine daily life will start again.

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The first part of these recollections is over. We will continue these recollections in USA in the second part in the next WZSE #325.

May the Flame of Fellowship, Love, Charity and Respect for all burn ever eternal in our hearts so we can do HIS work with humility, diligence and eternal enthusiasm!

Atha Jamyaat, Yatha Aafrinaamahi! (May it be so as we wish!)

Love and Tandoorasti, Soli











